

M A T E R I A L S A F E T Y D A T A S H E E T

1. IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Product

Subfloor Adhesive

Manufacturer

Powers Fasteners Inc.
2 Powers Square
New Rochelle NY 10801

Emergency Overview

Product Information: 1-800-524-3244. In New York and outside the United States call (914) 235-6300
Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC 1-800-424-9300. Subfloor Adhesive is registered by the manufacturer,
Powers Fasteners Inc.
International Transportation Emergency: CHEMTREC (703) 527-3887

Product is a liquid urethane prepolymer mixture that is packaged under pressure (Non-Flammable Compressed Gas). Containers should not be heated above 120°F (49°C) to avoid excessive pressure build-up.

2. COMPOSITION (Hazardous Components)

<u>Chemical Name (common names)</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Percentage</u>	<u>LD₅₀</u>	<u>LC₅₀</u>
1,1,1,2- Tetrafluoroethane (Non-Flammable Compressed Gas, HFC, Fluorocarbon),134a	811-97-2	10 to 30 percent	NA	NA
4,4' – Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	101-68-8	7 to 13 percent	NA	NA
Higher Oligomers of MDI (Polymeric MDI)	9016-87-9	7 to 13 percent	NA	NA
Urethane Pre-polymer Blend (Non-Hazardous proprietary blend)	Not Available This Section	40 to 70 percent	NA	NA

(NOTE: See Section 8 of this MSDS for Exposure Guidelines)

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physical Hazards

Since the containers are pressurized, storage temperature should not exceed 120°F (49°C) in order to avoid excessive pressure build-up and possible container rupture. Also, the product has strong adhesive-like characteristics and will adhere aggressively to skin and other surfaces. If accidental contact occurs, follow the appropriate first-aid procedure described in Section 4 of this MSDS.

Potential Health Effects

The primary adverse health effects of this material are related to the Polymeric Isocyanate (MDI) component, and, to a lesser degree, the 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane, 134a component. Therefore, adequate ventilation should be provided to avoid exceeding the exposure limits of these components (See Section 8). The likelihood of exceeding these limits are low

due to the low concentration of vapor produced during normal use. However, if used indoors, mechanical ventilation or exhaust should be provided during use and until product is cured.

Entry Route: Effects of Overexposure

Inhalation: May irritate mucous membranes with tightness in chest, coughing, or allergic asthma-like sensitivity. Extensive overexposure can lead to respiratory symptoms like bronchitis and pulmonary edema. These effects are usually reversible.

Overexposure to fluorocarbon may cause lightheadedness, headaches, or lethargy. Persons with cardiac arrhythmia may be at increased risk in severe exposure.

Skin: May cause localized irritation, reddening or swelling. Prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to sensitization and/or contact dermatitis.

Eyes: May be irritating to eyes. Liquid contact can cause physical damage due to adhesive character.

Ingestion: May cause irritation of mucous membranes in the mouth and digestive tract.

4. FIRST AID

Inhalation: If breathing difficulty is experienced, move to area free of exposure. Provide fresh air. If necessary, provide oxygen or artificial respiration by trained personnel and obtain medical attention.

Eye Contact: Flush with clean water for at least 15 minutes and obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact: Use a rag to remove excess material from skin and remove contaminated clothing. Use of a solvent, such as acetone (nail polish remover) or mineral spirits, may help in removing uncured residue from clothing or other surfaces (avoid eye contact). Cured adhesive may be physically removed by persistent washing with soap and water. If irritation develops, use mild skin cream. If irritation persists, obtain medical attention.

Ingestion: Do not induce vomiting. Drink 1-2 glasses of water or milk. Consult physician. Do not give anything orally to an unconscious person.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

High temperatures will raise the pressure in the containers, which may lead to rupturing. Extinguishing media include: dry chemical, carbon dioxide, halon 1211, chemical foam, or water spray if used in large quantities (water contamination will produce carbon dioxide). Wear self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against toxic decomposition by-products, including CO, CO₂, NO, and traces of HCN or HCL. Cured adhesive is organic and, therefore, will burn in the presence of sufficient heat, oxygen and an ignition source.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES/DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Provide adequate ventilation and wear recommended protective clothing (gloves, safety goggles, long sleeve work clothes). Remove all sources of ignition from spill area, as product is flammable during dispensing and until propellant has been adequately vented. Uncured product is very sticky so carefully remove the bulk of the material by scraping it up and then immediately remove residue with a rag and a solvent such as Adhesive Cleaner, mineral spirits, acetone (nail polish remover), paint thinner, etc. Once the foam has cured, it can only be removed physically by scraping, buffing, etc. Dispose as plastic waste (foam plastic) in accordance with all applicable guidelines and regulations.

Before disposing of containers, relieve container of any remaining product and pressure. Allow adhesive to fully cure before disposing. Never discard in a liquid state.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store in a cool, dry place. Ideal storage temperature is 60°F to 80°F (15.5°C to 26.6°C). Storage above 90°F (32.2°C) will shorten the shelf life. Storage below 55° F (12.7°C) may affect foam quality if chemicals are not warmed before using. Protect containers from physical abuse. Protect unused product from freezing.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Read all product instructions before using. Personal protective equipment should include safety eyewear, chemical resistant gloves, and long sleeve work clothes. Adequate ventilation should also be employed so that vapor levels do not exceed recommended guidelines. If vapor levels are expected to exceed these guidelines, use a NIOSH/MSHA approved, positive pressure supplied air respirator. Exercise good personal hygiene, wash thoroughly after each use.

<u>Exposure Guidelines</u>	<u>OSHA</u>	<u>ACGIH</u>
4,4' – Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI)	.020 ppm ceiling .200 mg/m ³ ceiling	.005 ppm TWA .051 mg/m ³ TWA
Higher Oligomers of MDI	None Established	None Established
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (Non-Flammable Compressed Gas HFC, 134a, fluorocarbon), 134a	None Established	None Established

(None of the components in this product are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen).

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Appearance	:	Viscous liquid, which foams upon release from container as an off-white to yellowish froth.
Odor	:	Slight fluorocarbon odor during curing stage.
Specific Gravity	:	Approximately 1.2 (H ₂ O = 1)
Boiling Point	:	1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC), 134a component (Non-Flammable Compressed Gas boils at -15°F (-26.2°C). Other components boil at temperatures greater than 200°F (93.3°C).
Flash Point	:	Product flash point has been tested at approximately 800°F (426.6°C).
Vapor Pressure	:	Contents under pressure have vapor pressure greater than 50 psig /345 Kpa. After Release from container, vapor pressure is very low (not determined).
Solubility in Water	:	Insoluble, reacts slowly with water during cure; liberating traces of CO ₂ .
Explosion Data	:	Contents are not known to be sensitive to mechanical impact or static discharge.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

This product is considered stable under normal and anticipated storage and handling conditions. Do not store above 120°F (49°C). For longest shelf life, avoid storage above 90°F (32.2°C). Avoid alcohols, strong bases or amines and metal compounds (such as small particle metal catalysts).

11. TRANSPORTATION

Shipping Information

Containers Less Than 1000 cu. cm. (1 liter)

<i>Ground</i>	Consumer Commodity ORM-D (On Shipper Carton) Consumer Commodity One Component Sub-Floor Adhesive (On Shipping Documents)
<i>Air</i>	Aerosols, Non-Flammable 2.2 UN 1950 (Non-Flammable Gas Label)
<i>Water</i>	Aerosols, Non-Flammable 2.2 UN 1950 (with a capacity of 1000 cu. cm. Or less) (No Hazard Labels Required) Boxes or Cartons should be marked (Aerosols UN 1950) only. IMDG Volume #2, Page #93
<i>Exceptions</i>	N/A
<i>Note</i>	Emergency Response Guide Numbers – Consumer Commodity # 171, for Aerosols #126.

12. REGULATORY

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)/Domestic Substances List (DSL):

All ingredients are listed on the TSCA inventory, as well as the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

SARA Title III:

Contains Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (CAS #101-68-8) subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III. Applicability must be determined by the end user.

Proposition 65:

Based on information currently available, this product is not known to contain detectable amounts of any chemicals currently listed under California Proposition 65.

V.O.C. Content:

Based on the current EPA definition of volatile organic compound, this product does not have any V.O.C. content.

13. OTHER

NFPA: Fire 1; Health 2; Reactivity 1

HMIS: Flammability 1; Health 2; Reactivity 1

The information and recommendations set forth herein are presented in good faith and believed to be correct as of the date hereof. The manufacturer makes no representations as to the completeness or accuracy thereof. Information is supplied upon the condition that the persons receiving it will make their own determination as to its suitability for their purposes prior to use. In no event will the manufacturer be responsible for damages of any nature whatsoever resulting from the use of or reliance upon information. No representations or warranties, either expressed or implied, of merchantability or fitness for a particular use are made hereunder with respect to this information or the product to which information refers.

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